

Pass Me On

After you have read the Times kindly hand it to some friend who has never heard of this part of Alberta. Sample copies sent free to parties interested in Oil or Mixed Farming.

IRMA TIMES

THE ALBERTA OIL GAZETTE

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Prosperity Follows in Event of Oil Strike

For years past we have been talking and dreaming of the great resources of Alberta. They were well worth talking and dreaming about, and well worth too, the labor, money and thought put into the development of some of their number. The richness of our soil assures a bountiful yield, and the opportunities for other branches of agriculture are unsurpassed. Our timber and coal lands are an asset of great value. But there remains yet another potential asset, soon to become more than potential, the wealth and importance of which almost exceed the possibility of computation. In an unusual sense this is truly a "liquid asset," for it is, of course, the precious liquid, petroleum, of which an abundant supply is confidently looked for in the near future. It is no longer necessary to whisper mysteriously the sacred word "Oil." These days it comes familiarly and hopefully to the lips of men who anticipate—and have reason for the faith that is in them—that a generous flow of the precious fluid is shortly to mean the enrichment of the province and the happy individual who saw his chance and had the courage to take it.

Several Companies Show Faith in District.
Last week something was said in these columns of what all this must mean to residents of the Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright districts, who may, by an easy figure of speech, be said to be sitting bodily upon the riches of one of the most promising—if not absolutely the most promising—of the oil fields of Alberta. Nor has anything happened in the interval to diminish the interest and confidence felt by those who champion this local field. On the contrary, these seem, rather, to be deepening and strengthening, and the era of brisk activity approaches apace. The Irma Oil Development company, our own local organization, continues to make satisfactory progress, and promises to be a useful factor in exploiting the wealth of the field. The British Petroleum, Limited, to which allusion has been made more than once in these columns, gives further earnest of their intention to drill on an extensive scale through the arrival in the district of their large, heavy-duty rotary drill, their crews, and the timbers for two derricks, as an instalment merely of what is to follow. Their avowed intention is to push forward without a moment's unnecessary delay to the effective production which is their one aim. The Wainwright Oil Development Company has been duly incorporated and is moving actively, while drills from other fields, as announced, likely to put in an appearance ere long. All this surely argues absolute confidence in the great possibilities and the assurance that these only await the men and machinery for their complete realization. If things looked good a week ago, they look better today. Work, courage and faith, are pre-eminently the essentials of success. Not one of these is evidently to be lacking so far as this field is concerned.

Oil Pays the Biggest Dividends.
For work, courage and faith there is surely an ample reward, an almost unbelievably splendid reward, as production proceeds. Last week some instances were given, culled from many such, of the rich returns from oil development. By a happy coincidence, there appeared close by in these columns an example which told its own story eloquently and conclusively. The case was there cited of a Texas Company, the Planet Petroleum Company, which organized with the comparatively modest capital of one hundred thousand dollars, had sold out for three million dollars, plus current assets, and less liabilities, thus returning thirty-four dollars for every dollar invested, all this two within four years from the year of organization. Some liberal return, surely, nor is it exceptional in the history of such enterprises. Examples might be multiplied almost indefinitely, and there is no apparent reason why the experience of other places and investors should not be repeated in our own district—certainly the believers, at least, in the Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright district are unable to see such reason.

Everybody Shares in the Prosperity.
This is, however, but one aspect of the matter. Apart altogether from the tide of fortune for the investor who invests while investment is good, there is the broader wave of prosperity in which the whole community, the whole province, must inevitably share. It is this which gives everybody, whether he has or has not a dollar working in the actual development, a living and acute interest in the success of the field. Naturally the man with a stake will profit most largely and directly—and he obviously deserves to do so—but surely all must in some degree participate in the increased prosperity. Developing companies, in working for themselves, are working for all, and even those whom undue timidity or lack of the wherewithal prevents from contributing to the actual work, have excellent reasons for wishing it Godspeed. One thing seems pretty certain:—Alberta has often been called the Mixed-farming Province. It has every chance of obtaining a new name in the near future—that of the Oil Province. The Irma-Fabyan-Wainwright districts have had their full share of prominence in the agricultural equipment of the Province, and the conviction is largely and firmly entertained that they will be no less conspicuous in the role of Oil Producers. So may it be!

INDIAN MAIDEN GETS \$1200 PER DAY ROYALTY

Exie Fife is a Creek Indian girl. A few weeks ago she was a Creek maiden, and nothing more, with only the hopes and fears that an Indian girl may have. Today she is rolling in wealth with an income of \$1,200 a day, and she may shortly become the wealthiest woman of any race, or creed or color in Oklahoma.

The answer is oil royalty, for four producing wells have recently been completed on Exie's land and others now drilling may quickly swell her growing fortune. She gets one-eighth of all the oil produced on her property.

From the day when the royalty checks began pouring in, the little Creek maiden started a spending orgy that made members of the tribe doubt their reason. Her first move, when Fortune smiled on her, was to buy a high powered touring car for the modest sum of \$3,000. Believing that her brother should be equipped for travel also, an \$80 saddle was purchased for the young brave. This was merely the start, for Exie has been going giddily on ever since.

Exie was born in McIntosh, Oklahoma. When she was two years old, her parents fled a claim on a 160 acre tract. It was poor land and it required all the ingenuity of her parents to wrest a livelihood from the dry barren soil. From an agricultural standpoint, the venture was a failure.

A few months ago a drilling concern began operations on the land. Today there are four producing wells pouring out wealth for Exie and her people. Another well is being drilled, which is expected to be a big producer.—Texas Oil World.

JOIN INTERESTS FOR TEST

A well will be spudded in on Monday on the Joe Baker, Inc., lease in Cat Creek, on the N 1-2 E. 1-4 S.W. 1-4 of section 11-15-29E, a short distance south of the "Fifty-Six Petroleum" second and well. The new well to be known as the Baker-Hanson. Joe Baker and I. W. Hanson have merged their Cat Creek interests under a joint operating agreement whereby the first well will be drilled on the Baker tract. Twenty acres separate the Baker and Hanson tracts but the corner designated is the closest to the axis of the anticline and acknowledged as probably the best chance for second production.

According to the announcement of I. W. Hanson, the two companies have not been consolidated, each company remaining a separate entity, and each will operate its Kevin-Sunburst holdings. The agreement reached contemplates only the joint operation of the two Cat Creek leases, each of which 20 acre tracts come to the respective companies from the "56" Petroleum company on the same basis. The Baker lease lies a little north of the Hanson lease but because of the fact that the Cat Creek anticline runs northwest and southeast, each 20 acre tract lies equidistant from the anticline, there being no choice between them. The fact that the "56" recently brought in its No. 8 well from the second sands on the Baker south line, might possibly make it look a little better at present.

The working agreement calls for the first well to be drilled on the Baker lease, each company paying one-half the cost and dividing the production on an even basis. The second well will be drilled on the Hanson lease and thereafter the wells will be alternated. By this arrangement, the completion of drilling on the first well is assured.

100 PER CENT DIVIDEND IS NOW PLANNED BY THE STANDARD OIL COMPANY

San Francisco, Oct. 3.—Declaration of a stock dividend of 100 per cent is contemplated by the Standard Oil Company, of California, according to an announcement made by the company here today.

According to present plans, the announcement said, the dividend will be paid December 30, 1922, to stockholders of record December 9, 1922. The company is enabled to make this dividend, it was said, because of large recent rich discoveries of oil.

ALBERTA OIL NEWS.

Sommerville People.
Flattering offer for lease of the Sommerville people, who are operating just east of Sweetgrass has been refused. The Sommerville well is being drilled with a star outfit.

In Charge of Operations.
Geo. A. Muir, of Okotoks, Alberta, is in charge of operations at the McLean well on the Canadian side.

Athabasca.
Evidences of crude oil are plentiful in the vicinity of Athabasca, leases have been obtained there, by a British company of large capital, and they intend prosecuting a drilling campaign.

In Alberta Field.
W. Visser, the Canadian rig builder, is rigging up for the Imperial at Nanton, in the Okotoks field.

McKeller Interests.
McKeller interests of Taber, are rigging up just east of Sweetgrass.

MONTANA OIL NEWS.

Hanson Petroleum.

I. W. Hanson, of the Hanson Petroleum company, is in the Cat Creek field this week looking after the interests of his company there. The Hanson Petroleum has a valuable tract in Cat Creek which is gusher acreage, besides controlling some 2500 acres in the Kevin-Sunburst field. Hanson is one of the successful operators, having to his credit the organization of three successful companies, viz., the Troy-Sweet Grass, the Three-in-One and the Kevin-Sweet Grass. It will be interesting to watch the development of this his fourth company, as Hanson is receiving the financial support of all of the old hand besides hundreds of new friends who believe in him.

Near Completion.

The American Refining company, of Great Falls, have their refinery very near to completion and hope to be in operation during the next two weeks. Contracts for crude oil have been obtained in both Wyoming and Cat Creek, and they expect to get crude also from the Kevin-Sunburst field.

The Hundredth Producer.

The one hundredth producer in Cat Creek was brought in last week by the West Dome company. The first well in Cat Creek was brought in in February 1920, and since that date \$3,000,000 worth of crude oil has been shipped from that field.

The Mid-Northern drilling the West Dome Acreage in Cat Creek. has brought in a second and production.

The Homestead well in Cat Creek has been placed on pump, and is producing 900 barrels daily.

Gordon Campbell has spotted a location on 34-36-3w. This well makes the fifth well for his syndicate.

Curtis Peck, mayor of Winifred has a daily income of \$40.00 from Cat Creek oil.

Cat Creek is now producing at the rate of 12,000 barrels of crude daily.

Montana has 381,557 acres of school land under lease. The rentals on these lands to date have been \$59,202. Much of this land is now producing oil, and the royalties will run to six figures annually. The royalty on one well alone will net the State \$3,000 monthly.

The new well of the Humphrey Oil company south of Mexia, Texas, near Kosse, reports flush production of 2,000 barrels daily.

The Federal government has awarded to Montana the sum of \$78,218 as its par rata share of oil royalties.

What is supposed to be the greatest gusher in the world was recently brought in in one of the Texas fields. Its daily flow is estimated at 150,000,000 feet.

Southern States Oil continues to pay a one per cent monthly dividend.

NEW OIL JOURNAL.

The Times acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Sweet Grass Oil Journal published at Sweet Grass, Toole County, Montana. The new journal has a lot of real live oil news and we hope before long to be able to have just as interesting news from the Alberta fields as the Montana fields are producing.

Oyster Supposed to be Source of Oil

How Colonel Teddy Roosevelt must have loved the female oyster!

In his scientific studies the beloved Colonel said little about her. But deep down in his heart he must have held her in high regard. For in her geological day she was the champion progenitress of them all.

Modern scientists have figured to the last degree the exact speed with which this humble female stronger in her loves in past geological epochs than now, could produce her kind. And they assert, with proper accounting for the death and destruction of billions of young which never reached the age of maturity, that one strong, healthy, vigorous loving bivalve in five generations would be the parent of just exactly 60,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 live and kicking Oysters.

Some geologists assert that the huge oyster beds of prehistoric times buried in silt from the seas which covered them, were one of the original sources of crude oil.

So if you have a lease or land anywhere where be steadfast in your prayer that once, possibly some million of years ago, just one little family of loving oysters selected it for their home.

Gladys-Belle Enters The Canadian Field

Following the incorporation in Montana of the Gladys-Belle Oil Company capitalized at \$2,000,000, the company is reported to be taking over 31,000 acres of leases from the Thompson company in Alberta and will begin drilling acreage across the line within a short time. Jack Reynolds, organizer of the Thompson company in Alberta has taken over the field management of the Gladys-Belle, with headquarters in Sweetgrass. Scouts of many of the larger companies are reported as picking up acreage across the border and the Sweetgrass arch.

Sweetgrass Oil Journal.

MORE DRILLING AT FORT NORMAN BY IMPERIAL OIL.

With tons of equipment delivered at Fort Norman the Imperial Oil Company is evidently planning an extensive drilling campaign in that district. Arrivals who came in on the A. & G. W. train on Friday evening state that the company clearly intends to go ahead with its operations this fall.

Over 100 tons of casing, tools and other drilling equipment were transported to Fort Norman by the S. S. Northland Pioneer early in September. A head driller and crew were also taken to Fort Norman at the same time.

Develop New Holes
Recent arrivals state that the new drilling operations will evidently be confined to other than the discovery well. Owing to there being a flow of some 70 barrels a day at the Discovery well, the company evidently intends to develop its other holes for the time being, at least.

LISTEN TO MUSIC AND SPEECH From Seattle, Denver, Salt Lake City, Great Falls, and other Cities in Your Own Home.

You can do this when you purchase a Radio-phonograph.

Other satisfied customers are doing this, why not you?

Prices:

Single tube sets, complete for \$42.50. Single tube sets, with oak cabinet, and interchangeable coils for \$60. Sets with three tubes, oak cabinet, interchangeable coils, storage batteries, loud speaker horn, all for \$190.00.

We will install broadcasting sets giving music and speech range up to approximately 500 miles for \$600.00, all complete, ready to operate.

Note:—All our sets are sold complete, with all tubes, aerial wire, instructions, etc. Nothing further to buy. ORDER ONE NOW.

We keep a full stock of parts and give expert advice to those who wish to construct their own sets. Grain prices and market reports, etc., are broadcasted from Edmonton every evening.

UNITED RADIO COMPANY,
10246, 101st Street, Edmonton, Alta.

LEGISLATURE SITS DECEMBER 7TH

The Alberta legislature will meet for its fall session on December 7th. Premier Greenfield announces today that the executive council have decided upon this date and that arrangements will at once be made accordingly, steps having already been taken to prepare the government's program of legislation.

The house, it is now anticipated, will sit for probably two weeks and will then adjourn over the Christmas holidays, resuming early in the new year. Just what time in January it will come together again will depend, it is stated by the premier, upon the legislature itself and how well it gets along with its work before the holidays. The rate of progress that is made on the budget after the turn of the year will also likely effect the date of the second sitting.

More Time For Work

"We are adopting this course," says Mr. Greenfield, "in order to allow plenty of time for full discussion of all business brought before the house and to avoid, as far as possible, any undue pressure of work at the end of the present session. With two weeks' work done before Christmas it should be easily possible to finish the work of the session before the opening of spring even in the extreme southern part of the province."

The premier declares for himself and all the members of the government, that the "scramble for legislation" which featured the final week of last spring's session is not to be repeated this year, and it is just in order to give fuller time for the proper consideration of business, and thus to ensure a more thorough and orderly method of legislation, that the early session is being brought on.

It will be an experiment, according to the premier, and the way in which it works out will have a good deal to do with the making of a permanent constitution.

Not all the members of the house, it seems, are of the opinion that the plan will be a success, but there is a fairly general approval of the decision announced last spring, to give it a trial. One of its main advantages will be that it will enable the farmer members to get back home earlier in the season.

Not Much Legislation

Premier Greenfield does not look for the session to be a long one. There will be, as now expected, more than ten or twelve government bills, and notice of private bills is desired as early as possible, with only one as yet is sight. A new crop of amendments may be looked for, but it is thought they will be in most cases of minor importance.

Things will go a good deal more smoothly, and the general business of the house will be in better shipshape this time, according to the premier. "We learned a lot last year," he says, "and we will profit from our experiences. Everybody knows it was our first session then, and we are not ashamed to admit that we took hold of it as green-hands and that we had to learn as we went along. But we know more about it now, and one of the mistakes I am determined we shall avoid this time will be the rush of legislation at the last. All the business of the house is going to be carefully and thoroughly considered in the next 1922-23 session."

IS OPPOSED TO THE COLONIZATION PLAN

The following resolution was passed at a recent meeting of the executive of the East Edmonton District association of the U. F. A.

Whereas we believe that the occupation of our vacant land by prosperous settlers is most desirable, the prosperous settler being the best immigration agent and;

Whereas the economic and financial burdens on this the basic industry are such that it is impossible for farmers to continue to carry on under existing conditions;

We therefore wish to point out the folly of any immigration project until aforesaid burdens be removed, be cause, first, any large influx of settlers would but tend to intensify for those already on the land the conditions now existing; and, second, we consider it a gross injustice to those who may be induced to come.

NEW LAMP BURNS 94% AIR

Beats Electric or Gas

A new oil lamp that gives an amazingly brilliant, soft, white light, even better than gas or electricity, has been tested by the U.S. Government and 35 leading universities and found to be superior to 10 ordinary oil lamps. It burns without odor, smoke or noise—no pumping up, is simple, clean, safe. Burns 94 per cent. air and 6 per cent. common kerosene (coal-oil).

The inventor, T. V. Johnson, 678 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg, is offering to send a lamp on 10 days' FREE trial, or even to give one FREE to the first user in each locality who will help him introduce it. Write him today for full particulars. Also ask him to explain how you can get the agency, and without experience or money make \$250 to \$500 per month.

Aircraft Sky Writing

By the Aeronautical Correspondent of the London Times

If not in every part of country, at least for a hundred miles round London, the writing of advertisements in the sky by aircraft has been seen by millions of people. The formation of the letters in smoke, sometimes at so great a height that the aeroplane shaping the aerial inscription cannot be seen, is a spectacle that obviously thrills and fascinates everybody who sees it.

Up to the present, sky writing has been used almost wholly for advertising purposes, and those who recently in the columns of the Times denounced publicity and the hearings may have found some comfort in reflecting that aerial advertisements cannot be written in indecipherable smoke. Yet as the possibilities of advertising by sky writing are, that is only one of the many purposes to which it may be put, and there can be no doubt that in the near future, generously developed, it might easily rival the tape-machine and wireless telegraphy for the dissemination of news. If one machine can write one or two words at an altitude of ten thousand feet, to be read by millions of people simultaneously, there is no reason why sentences should not be produced rapidly by a fleet of machines.

For many years colored rockets have been used to announce such things as the result of an international race abroad, or a big prize fight at home. A fleet of aircraft equipped for smoke writing, and connected by wireless with a ground station, might well be employed to trace important news in the sky for millions on the ground to read. The simplest message of the sort that occurs to the mind is the result of the Derby. The aeroplanes would take off before the race started and would have climbed well aloft by the time it was over. By wireless they would receive the result practically as soon as it was declared, and so, with a sufficient number of air-

craft, the entire country could be told the result of the race very soon after it was won. A simpler means of broadcasting news is difficult to imagine. No listening in sets, nor, indeed, any sort of equipment would be required.

As a result with time there will be developments in sky writing so that with some sort of luminous smoke it will be possible to use it at night. For present purposes the smoke produced is the result of a chemical reaction. It is discharged from the fuselage of the aeroplane, and the patent contrivance used by Major Savage, the aerial sign writer, is devised to obviate the risk of fire.

Obviously the uses of highly developed sky writing in peace and war are manifold. From the spelling out of a single word, or a single sentence, it is easy to foresee the stage when long messages will be written by co-operating machines. Already several experiments have been made with the Morse code, and the purposes to which, over sea or land in war time, such a system of communication might be put are clearly apparent. One can imagine, too, the use of aerial conflict that would arise when, if the operating machines were not successfully attacked, efforts would be made to blot out their messages with heavy smoke clouds. The writing of misleading orders would offer a fascinating occupation to the imaginative and the possibilities of the use of smoke writing for propaganda purposes over the enemy's lines would be considerable. Flight, in discussing sky writing, says:

"Smoke trails may prove of the greatest value. For instance, small jets of the smoke, allowed to emerge in front of a flying aeroplane and travelling back over its various parts, may, if observed or, better even, photographed and cinematographed from another machine, teach us a very great deal about such things as downwash, slipstream effect, eddies around projecting parts, and so on. Already the smoke trails, used for the relatively minor purpose of advertising, have indicated peculiar breaks in the trail during sharp curves, such as occur when the pilot is describing the letter 'O.' Little hooks are always observed to form from the smoke ring, and these occur at such regular intervals and are of such uniform shape that they must be connected with vortices around the machine, probably around the wing tips. Thus, quite a field of investigation is opened up, and to our way of thinking the great value of the invention lies along such lines as these. Lateral control at large angles of incidence might be usefully investigated in this way; the experiments should not be unduly difficult, nor should the cost involved be beyond the capacity of our research notes."

Timber Lost Through Fires

No Railway Can Long Withstand the Loss of Forests

"Every forest fire that broke out within fifty miles of the Canadian National lines this summer stole away some of the immediate or potential traffic and delayed to that degree the financial buoyancy of the public-owned system," stated C. Price Green, Chief Commissioner of Industries and Resources of the Canadian National Railways in an interview.

"A large mileage of the Canadian National runs through natural timber growing lands which can never produce any other marketable crop than timber. At the same time, these wooded regions are generators of rapid traffic and account for the rapidly expanding number of visitors from the United States travelling on our lines, as well as for the great volume of recreational travel on the part of Canadians. The security of the forests, therefore is absolutely vital to the solvency of any railway system in this Dominion."

"The destruction of forests by fire this year was not the work of the railways, as Government reports will prove, but of fishermen, campers, settlers and woods' travellers generally. It is the careless citizen, himself a shareholder in the Canadian National, who can wreck or maintain these forest resources so essential to our national prosperity and the successful operation of the public-owned railway system."

Pneumonia Treated by Wireless
Although suffering from pneumonia in another ship 600 miles away, a patient was successfully treated by wireless for four days by Dr. William Irwin, of the American liner President Harding.

The road to wealth is apt to be a long, hard one, my boy.
"Are there short cuts, father?"
"Yes, my son. Our prisons are full of men who took short cuts," Boston Transcript.

The Weekly Newspaper is a big factor in the development of any town. Subscribe for your Local Paper and help to boost the community.

Forbidden Things

Many Things Seem to be Forbidden in Germany

In Germany, under the Republic "Verboten" seems to be more numerous than ever, writes a correspondent. Indeed, a German newspaper suggests there ought to be a museum of "Verboten" signs, and here are a few curiosities. "It is verboten to take your hat off" is one in a post office in Saxony. In a large meadow near Munich a notice states: "It is verboten to exercise." Out side Germany, however, some curious "Verbotens" are to be found. One, in a fourth-class carriage in the wilds of Serbia, I came across this: "Travelers are forbidden to scratch the carriage windows with diamonds." And in five languages, last! And this is from a Greek hotel: "It is forbidden to sing in bedrooms and to bang the door when shutting it at night."



WHEN the butterflies that Pinzie had brought to the End-of-the-Earth heard that the reason they were there was that they might have a race, and when Stella announced that there would be a prize of one large drop of honey for the winner, they were all so excited and their gaily tinted wings fluttered so much that they could hardly remain on the ground where they had been told to get in line.

One by one they flew up a tiny bit from the straight line they were supposed to stay on and were put back in place by the impatient Brownies. A Butterfly (it was the yellow one) so roughly handled by Pinzie that there was a large bare spot on one of its wings where the yellow, powdery covering had been rubbed away. Pinzie felt terribly about it and explained that he had not meant to be so rough and that it had been an accident, but the poor little yellow Butterfly felt even worse than Pinzie did about it. Its tiny black eyes really looked as though they were not far from tears until Stella took her magic wand and waved it three times over it. Even before she was quite through waving, the wounded wing was once more as it had been before the accident. Both the Butterfly and Pinzie were delighted and immediately everyone again went on with the preparations for the race.

"Let's bet on the orange!" cried Stella, excitedly waving a red flower. "You bet first, Stella!"

"Very well," she answered with a smile, for the little Fairy was enjoying the fun just as much as the Brownies. "I bet that the yellow Butterfly wins and that the blue one comes in second."

Naturally these two were immediately proud to have been chosen by the Fairy herself. They were quite set upon it.

"I bet on the orange!" cried Stella, excitedly waving a red flower. "You bet first, Stella!"

"And I'll bet for the white for first and the black for second!" This was from Pinzie.

"I have a feeling that the black Butterfly will win!" exclaimed Hinkajon. "So I choose it for first place and the blue one for second. How about you, Lorykins?"

"I don't know," Lorykins said slowly. "But I just sort of know that the pale green Butterfly is going to win, and I'll bet on it. I'll bet that the orange one comes in second."

"Well," laughed the Fairy, "now that we have all placed our bets, let's begin. Pinzie, you stand over here and hold up that red flower in your hand. Hold it high and when I say 'Go,' drop it instantly. Now, one, two, three, go!"

Away flew the Butterflies! The Brownies were beside themselves with excitement. They were all yelling and jumping up and down. Pinzie went wild for a few moments because the yellow Butterfly was away ahead. It looked as though he had picked the winner. Then the black one suddenly passed it—but the white one (Stella's Butterfly) passed the black, and the grey for second place. Goodness! This is fun!

The green Butterfly received its prize of a drop of honey and unselfishly shared it with the others.

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Sentenced to Death. No Appeal Possible
The death warrant is passed out every time a tree is treated with Putnam's Corn Extractor. It means the end of the corn. Putnam's kills out corns, rots and branch, and never fails. Refuse any substitute for Putnam's. 25c everywhere.

Resting the Lungs
Daring Operation is Performed by a British Doctor

The deliberate collapse of a diseased lung so that it may be temporarily put out of action and rested is the daring operation performed by a British doctor. The procedure is known as "artificial pneumothorax." It depends for its success on the fact that ordinarily the lungs are "held open" by the inside wall of the chest. The lungs "float" the chest perfectly, and slide backwards and forwards along its inner surface in breathing. But the lungs are elastic. Once they have been separated from the chest wall they tend to shrink to quite small dimensions. The idea occurred, therefore, that if gas were blown between the lung and the chest the organ might be artificially rested. This is now being done. The gas used is nitrogen. By its means lungs can be rested for as long as may be necessary, and then as the gas gradually absorbs away, allowed to return to their old functions.

Being Shrewd
"Now tell the jury," sternly demanded the young legal luminary in a threatening tone, addressing the covering witness, "what was the weather, if any, upon the afternoon in question?"—Chicago Herald.

Milnard's Liniment used by Physicians

IS YOUR NOSE PLUGGED? HAVE YOU CATARRH?

If Subject to Colds, Here is Real Good Advice

Don't load your stomach with cough syrups. Send healing medication through the nostrils—send it into the passages that are subject to colds and Catarrh. Easy to do this with CATARRHOZONE, which helps a cold in 10 minutes. Even to the lungs goes the healing vapor of Catarrhozone—through the bronchial tubes, nostrils and sin passages—everywhere a trace of disease remains will Catarrhozone be used. Get it today but beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you. Large size, two months treatment, costs \$1.00, small size 50c, sample size 25c, all dealers or the Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Giant Airplane Engines

British Government Has Ordered Six Of 1,000 Horsepower

A big development in the use of air planes is predicted as a result of the giant engines which are being ordered by the British Government. These engines, six of which have been ordered, are of 1,000 horsepower and capable of 1,800 revolutions a minute.

The statement is made that the new airplanes will have a range of 2,500 to 3,000 miles, but the Air Ministry explains the range depends in great measure on the type of machine to which the engine is fitted and on the purpose for which the machine is intended. The new engine was designed and built by the Messrs. Napier and was the outcome of several years' experiment and research. It has sixteen cylinders and has run satisfactorily for thirty consecutive hours on a bench. Its weight is about three pounds per horsepower.

Colic, Cramps, Stomach Pains, Need a Quick Relief

Security against these sudden ills comes in always keeping handy a bottle or two of Nerviline. No family should ever go to bed unless Nerviline is in the house. It fulfills so perfectly every service as a pain remedy that once used, you'll never again be without it. Money can't buy much greater assurance against the many small ills that constantly arise in every family than you get in a 25c bottle of Nerviline. Sold everywhere.

Ice Cream Not A Modern Invention

Was Enjoyed By Japs and Chinese In A.D. 1200

When you are enjoying ice cream do not imagine that your thanks are due to some American inventor—for America is supposed to be the home of the ice cream merchant—or that you are indulging a vulgar taste. The belief that ice cream was invented for a New York grocer is without foundation.

There is no record that Adam and Eve ate ice cream, but it was enjoyed by the Romans between their periods of fighting, and the Chinese and Japs partook of it in A.D. 1200.

It grew in favor and attracted royal notice. Queen Catherine de Medici, when she left Florence to marry the King of France, refused to leave her train her Italian ice cream chefs. Married life could not make her forget her old loves.

Our own kings also appreciated the delicacy, and one of the most important members of the staff of Charles I. was a cook who possessed a secret ice cream recipe!

Dye Stockings Or Sweater In Diamond Dyes

"Diamond Dyes" add years of wear to worn, faded skirts, waists, coats, stockings, sweaters, coverings, hangings, drapery, everything. Every package contains directions so simple any woman can put new, rich, fadeless colors into her worn garments or draperies even if she has never dyed before. Just buy Diamond Dyes—no other kind—then your material will come out right, because Diamond Dyes are guaranteed not to streak, spot, fade or run. Tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton or mixed goods.

The shipbuilding firm which constructed the one time largest steamship, the Great Eastern, was founded in the year 1812, and is still in existence.

From the thirteenth century the Poles became the most warlike people in Europe.

The hand printing press of 1601, would produce about 700 small sheets in 10 hours.

A French baker once walked on stilts from Paris to Moscow, a distance of 1,500 miles, in fifty-eight days.

You can have your "good propositions," "wonderful opportunities," Turkish and mixed blends," and all the rest

Just 'GAMME' STROLLERS

That's all

10 for 15 cents 25 for 35 cents

"PICTURE OF A MOVIE STAR IN EVERY PACKAGE"

THE EXPLANATION

Nature placed the growth-promoting "vitamins" in the oil of the cod-fish—this explains why Scott's Emulsion is so definite in its help to a child of any age. Latter-day science reveals that the "vitamins" are needed for normal growth. Scott's Emulsion will help any child grow.

Scott & Bower, Toronto, Ont. 19-2

Securing a Patent in Canada

Useful Advice Is Given For Benefit of Intending Applicants

Applications for patents in Canada should be addressed to the Commissioner of Patents, Ottawa, Ont. The term for duration of a patent is limited to eighteen years. The fee for a patent for the full term of eighteen years is thirty-five dollars, of which fifteen dollars is payable on filing the application and twenty dollars on the grant of the patent. Any intending applicant for a patent who has not yet finished his invention, and is in fear of being despoiled of his idea, may file in the Patent Office a description of his invention so far, with or without plans, when the Commissioner, on paying a fee of \$5, causes the document, which is called a caveat, to be preserved in secrecy; but the secrecy of the document ceases when the applicant obtains a patent for his invention.

"DR. FOWLER'S"

Saved The Lives Of Four Children

Diarrhoea, dysentery, cholera, infantum and summer complaint are responsible for more deaths, especially among children, during the summer months than any other form of disease. According to statistics, in the City of Toronto alone, in the past five years over 1,000 deaths of children, from diarrhoea, have occurred during the four summer months. It therefore behooves every mother to look after her children on the first sign of looseness of the bowels by using Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, a remedy that has been on the market for the past 77 years, and has been proven to be the best there is.

Mrs. Harold Sellers, Pennell, N.B., writes: "Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry saved the lives of four of my children when all other remedies failed. It stopped the vomiting and terrible diarrhoea, with which they were troubled. I will always recommend it, and now always have a bottle on hand in case of emergency."

Put 5c. a bottle; put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Germany's Printing Presses

People have been looking unnecessarily far afield for an explanation of the rapid slump of the German mark. This fall was due in part to the fact that notes to the value of £700,000,000 were put in circulation in a single week, and in part to the fear that still more would be printed in the immediate future. Compared with these factors, the political factors are almost negligible.—London Sunday Pictorial.

Some day the world may learn with astonishment that the solution of its problems is contained in the writings of four obscure men—Matthew, Mark, Luke and John.

Sores Flee Before It—There are many who have been afflicted with sores and have driven them away with Dr. Thomas' Eucalypti Oil. All similarly troubled should lose no time in applying this splendid remedy, as there is nothing like it to be had. It is cheap, but its power is in no way expressed by its low price.

A French baker once walked on stilts from Paris to Moscow, a distance of 1,500 miles, in fifty-eight days.



Indoor Life

Spending more time indoors makes women far more subject to constipation than men.

The liver becomes sluggish and torpid, the bowels constipated and the system poisoned by impurities.

If you would get away from the myriads of ills which result from constipation, it is only necessary to use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

The benefits from their use are as lasting as they are prompt and certain.

Mrs. John Barry, 18 St. Annable Street, Quebec, Que., writes:

"This is to certify that I was troubled for years with constipation and tried all kinds of medicine without relief. At last my husband suggested that I try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I did so, and must say that they have given me more relief than all the medicine I have taken during the last fifteen years. I may also add that I have used Dr. Chase's Ointment for piles with excellent results."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25c a box, all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

SMOKE OLD CHIM

The Tobacco of Quality
1/2 LB. TINS
and in packages

WORLD-HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Gold production in Ontario for the first half of 1932 shows a marked increase over any similar period.

Pope Pius has requested France to protect the lives and interests of the Catholic clergy in Asia Minor, who are threatened.

The British mandate for Palestine was formally proclaimed Sept. 11. Sir Herbert Samuel, the High Commissioner, assumed office and took the oath of allegiance.

The Aerial Survey Company is making preparations for extensive flying operations in Newfoundland during the coming winter and three planes have arrived at Botwood from England.

Discovery near Victoria is reported of a large deposit of volcanic ash of tested cleaning properties, which, it is claimed, will supersede on the market all the present dry cleaning compounds.

An autographed photo of Marshal Foch, which was one of the most prized possessions of the Aero Club of Canada, has disappeared, and it is thought some selfish souvenir hunter has taken it.

The longest distance that Alberta coal has yet been shipped was when an Edmonton firm recently forwarded a carload of egg coal to Lewis, Que. The freight rate alone for the long journey was \$13.30 per ton.

A formal agreement was signed by Leon Krassin, Soviet Minister of Foreign Trade and Commerce, and Leslie Urquhart, of London, providing for complete restoration of the life rights for 99 years of the pre-war holdings of the Russian Asiatic Consolidated, Limited.

Had Her Guessing
Mabel—Clara's last photograph was lovely.
Edith—Yes. I had to ask her who it was.

Rural Route No. 1, Mascouche, Que.
"Sir—I feel that I should be doing a wrong if I neglected to write you. I have had four tumors growing on my head for years. I had them cut off by a surgeon about fifteen years ago, but they grew again till about three months ago I had one as large and shaped like a lady's thumb on the very place where my hair should be parted, and it was getting so embarrassing in public that it was a constant worry to me. About three months ago I got a bottle of your Liniment for another purpose and saw on the label good for tumors. Well I tried it and kept it for exactly two months, with the result that it has entirely removed all trace of the tumor, and were it not that they had been cut fifteen years ago, no mark would be seen. I have not been asked for this testimonial and you can use it as you see fit."
(Signed) FRED C. ROBINSON.
P.S.—I am a farmer and intend using Minard's Liniment on a mare for a strained tendon, and am hoping for some results.

Something or Other
"Pa, what do they mean by saying 'that puts a different complexion on things'?"
"I suppose it refers—Oh, I don't know, ask you ma. She knows all about these beauty parlor tricks," growled his dad.

Like a Grip at the Throat. For a disease that is not classed as fatal there is probably none which causes more terrible suffering than asthma. Sleep is impossible, the sufferer becomes exhausted and finally, though the attack passes, is left in unceasing dread of its return. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy is a wonderful remedial agent. It immediately relieves the restricted air passages as thousands can testify. It is sold by dealers everywhere.

It is one thing to tumble to a scheme, but quite another matter to fall for it.

The Coliseum at Rome held 100,000 spectators, of whom \$7,000 were seated.

Express Rate on Cream

Rate of Three Gallon Cans Allowed to Alberta Dairymen.

Favoring the establishment of an express rate on three gallon cans of cream that would be lower than the rate on five gallon cans, the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada allowed the representatives of the Alberta Dairymen's Association and the express companies one month's time in which to arrive at some suitable arrangement. Failing to reach a satisfactory agreement, the Railway Commission will form a tariff.

The Alberta Dairymen's Association was represented by A. Chard, traffic superintendent of the Provincial Government, who, in giving his evidence, stated that owing to the recent legislation passed by the Provincial Government it was essential to establish a rate on three gallon cans of cream if the smaller producers of cream were not to be penalized.

Application of the Alberta Fish Company, Limited, for a reduction in the express rate on fish from Edmonton and points north to the same rate as for fish shipped from Vancouver, was made to the commission, but the chairman reserved judgment until he had conferred with the other members of the board. W. S. Campbell, who represented the Alberta Fish Company, stated that the charges for shipping fish from Edmonton and points north to Chicago was 25 per cent. higher than for fish shipped from the coast, although the distance from the coast was from 600 to 800 miles farther.

IN THE SHADOW OF POOR HEALTH

In This Condition Relief Comes Through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

When the shadow of poor health falls upon you; when hope fades and life itself seems scarcely worth living, then is the time you should remember that thousands just as hopeless as you feel, have been restored to the sunshine of health through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually make, strengthen the whole system. The nerves are strengthened, headaches vanish, the appetite improves, and once again there is joy in life. Among the thousands benefitted by the use of this medicine is Mrs. Jos. Robinson, Oshawa, who says:—"Some time ago I was in an anemic condition and so weak I would faint away at times. I had no appetite, could not do my housework; in fact life seemed scarcely worth living. I was exceedingly pale and tried doctor's medicine with no good result. Then one day I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills recommended for a similar condition and I got a supply. I continued taking the pills until I had used about a dozen boxes, and they have made me a well woman. I can now do a good day's work about the house, have no more fainting spells and can go about more actively than I did before. I believe these pills just the thing for pale, weak girls and women, and I give a fair trial will do for them what they have done for me."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Secret
One great secret of receiving kindness everywhere is to expect it. To look out on the world with friendly eyes and a kindly heart is to create an atmosphere in which goodwill flourishes. This is a cold and selfish world, so those who are always expecting a snub.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears
The Signature of
Dr. H. H. Thomas

Junior Red Cross

Splendid Work Carried on by Junior

Organization in Saskatchewan

Over 1,000 children in Saskatchewan—1,010 to be exact—who are cripples or suffering from some defect requiring the services of a specialist, and whose parents were financially unable to make necessary provision for their treatment, have been reported to the Junior Red Cross, and treatment provided for the vast majority of these cases out of the Junior Red Cross Fund for Crippled Children.

The tangible evidence of the splendid work being carried on by the Red Cross in Saskatchewan was reported to a meeting of the Junior Red Cross Committee held at Regina a few days ago.

During the past twelve months cases calling for treatment have been reported on an average of more than two a day. They have been cared for at the Sanitarium at Fort Qu'Appelle and in hospitals all over the province. At one time recently every child but one in the children's ward of a Saskatchewan hospital was a Junior Red Cross patient, and there are always a number of such patients there and in the Alexandra Club ward of Regina General Hospital, and in the I.O.D.E. Children's Pavilion at the Sanitarium.

Nor is there included in this number, large as it is, the many children who have received dental treatment in rural schools from the two travelling Junior Red Cross dental cars. The number of children receiving dental treatment up to August 31 last was 2,560, while the number of fillings, extractions, etc., totalled 5,301. Addresses in the schools on oral hygiene by the dentists numbered 151, at which over 5,000 children were present.

During the twelve months ending August 31 the Junior Red Cross Committee expended \$30,000 in this work. Almost \$8,000 has been paid to the Saskatchewan Sanitarium alone for treatment and maintenance of boy and girl patients there whose parents could not afford to have necessary surgery given in order to check the ravages of this disease.

An interesting phase of Junior Red Cross work for children has been the where investigations by school nurses have disclosed numbers of children requiring operations for the removal of diseased tonsils and adenoids. Five such clinics were organized by the Junior Red Cross between June 1 and August 31, and were held at Torquay, Quimper, Gladmar, Green Lawn and Tarnopol. In all 133 children were successfully operated on. So successful indeed has this new department proven to be that similar clinics have been organized in school districts and by municipal health officers quite apart from the Red Cross.

In order to continue this medical and good health work on the large scale it has already attained, the need of extending this Junior Red Cross organization into all the schools was clearly indicated, and with the opening of the fall term renewed efforts are being made, and already with gratifying results, to organize many new branches. This is being done with the wholehearted commendation and active co-operation of all Department of Education officials from the minister down, and including the deputy minister, school inspectors, school nurses, teachers and school district officials.

To further augment the fund for this work it was decided to make the issue of a Junior Red Cross Christmas Stamp an annual event. For the 1932 stamp, of which half a million have been ordered to sell at one cent apiece, Miss Keating, art supervisor in Regina College, has contributed a most attractive design in three colors, red, green and black.

The members of the Junior Red Cross Committee are constituted in their praise of, and thanks to, the doctors of Saskatchewan who have most generously given of their time and skill in the treatment of these many Junior patients without remuneration. Had it not been for this splendid public-spirited co-operation by the doctors in this humanitarian work it would have been quite impossible to accomplish such a vast amount of good. Parents and children as well as the Red Cross, are deeply grateful and have requested the good offices of the press in order to give public expression to their appreciation.

The "reject" coal from Pennsylvania coal mines amounts to some 300,000,000 tons a year.

There are 40,000 muscles in an elephant's trunk, and only 527 in a man's body.

A Combination of Two Materials and the Result Is Chic



Old rose cloth and white crepe de chine combine to make this attractive little frock, of which the distinguishing feature is the pleating, attached with the buttonhole stitch of rose wool. A model like this would be equally effective in contrasting colors, such as tan and brown or black and gray, etc.

Teacher—"The word 'grand' is used in the sense of 'splendid, sublime, noble,' and the like. Can you give an example of such use?"
Little Bobby—Yes'm. Grand dukes and grand larceny.

CATARRHAL DEAFNESS

Is greatly relieved by constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is a constitutional remedy. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed, thus reducing the inflammation and assisting Nature in restoring normal conditions. It is entirely cured. Unless the inflammation is removed, the hearing will never be restored. It is a blood purifier and cleanses the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system, thus reducing the inflammation and assisting Nature in restoring normal conditions. Circulars free. All Druggists. C. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Canadian Bacon In Britain

Canadian Product Is Rapidly Gaining Favor in the Old Land

In connection with the controversy regarding the alleged poor quality of Canadian bacon and produce, John Louden and Company, one of the largest importers of Canadian bacon products in England, made this comment: "Our existence depends on the sale of Canadian bacon, and we can sell every ounce of it that Canada can ship. It is quite true that Denmark is a competitor, but it will never drive Canada from the British market. Our actual imports this year will be greater than last year, we confidently predict, and Canadian bacon is growing in favor from month to month."

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will drive worms from the system without injury to the child, because its action, while fully effective, is mild.

Soviet Reward for Science

Professor Who Discovered Process of Dyeing Receives Bounty

Professor Turkin, of Moscow, who discovered a process of dyeing fabrics, was deemed by the Commissariat of Social Economy deserving of a bounty. He was accordingly granted 80,000,000 rubles. The professor received at once 2,000,000,000 paper rubles. In lieu of the rest he is offered a villa in the Crimea, to be chosen by himself. So there are for sale in the Crimea small 78,000,000,000-ruble villas—five rooms and all the comforts of home. With his 2,000,000,000 rubles the professor can pay his living expenses for one season.—New York Tribune.

Peat In Canada

There are estimated to be about 37,000 square miles of peat bogs in Canada. Forty-six bogs have been surveyed in Ontario, with a total area of 132,321 acres containing approximately 110,109,000 short tons of peat fuel and 518,000 tons of peat litter. A total of 405 bogs have been surveyed in Canada, with an aggregate of approximately 224,131 acres. These contain 190,330,170 tons of fuel and 20,589,110 tons of litter.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

Whole System Is Benefited By Tanlac

Thousands of frail, nervous people and convalescents everywhere have testified to the remarkable power of Tanlac in bringing back their health, strength, and working efficiency. It seems to quickly invigorate the constitution and is a powerful foe of weakness. Mrs. John Hatrick, 901 Notre Dame Ave., Winnipeg, Man., says:

"Five years ago I had a nervous breakdown. I couldn't even hold a glass of water without shaking it out. My head ached so I thought it would split and I got so dizzy that several times I fell and hurt myself so bad the scars are on me yet. Six bottles of Tanlac actually made me feel like a different person. All my troubles are now gone."

There is not a single portion of the body that is not benefited by the helpful action of Tanlac. It enables the stomach to turn the food into healthy blood, bone and muscle, purifies the system and helps you back to normal weight. Get a bottle today at any good druggist.

Road Building In Canton

Chinese Adding Miles of Modern Streets to Highway System

While road building in Canton, China, is not proceeding with the same rapidity as in this country, its programme is quite progressive, when it is considered that prior to 1920 there were only six miles of road which a motor car could make any progress without broken axles and injured spines. Eighteen months later, however, these progressive people, after years of inactivity, had added nine miles of modern streets to their highway system and seven and one-half miles were under construction.

The Oil of the People.—Many oils have come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil continues to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Sample bottles of this healing oil have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thousands have benefited by it and would use no other preparation.

Spend your money at home. Buy from your Local Merchant. And Merchants should always patronize the Local Printer.

ECZEMA

ment for Eczema and Skin Irritation. It relieves at once and gradually breaks the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send no money for postage. Get a box at all dealers or Kinsman's, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

MONEY ORDERS

Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen, you get your money back.

BELTING FOR SALE

New and used Belting of every description shipped subject to approval, etc. 100 ft. new Rubber Belting, 1 1/2 inch grade quality, at 40c per ft. All others at lowest prices in Canada.—York Belting Co., 115 York St., Toronto, Ont.

BLACK 100% PROTECTION FOR LIFE

from one vaccination with Cutter's Liquid or Solid Black Leg Vaccine. Also Antibody Serum. Cutter's Solid Agglutination Vaccine. Cutter's Full Inoculation. (Cutter's Agglutination is not available locally, write The Cutter Laboratory, 275 Berkeley (U.S. License) California. N.B.—Old Style Powder and Full Vaccines will shade for those who prefer them.

PETRE'S MACHINERY TORONTO

MECCA OINTMENT

For Burns, Sores, Cuts, Etc. Get Free Sample From Your Druggist

The "Home Comfort" RANGE

is now sold in the West from our factory. Thousands of these Ranges in use over 20 years and still going strong. Repairs for every Home Comfort Range made since 1884 quickly supplied. The Wrought Iron Range Co. of Canada, Limited, 149 King St. W., TORONTO.

BOOK ON DOGS

DOGS DISEASES and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address. Author H. C. OLOVER, V.M., 128 West 44th St., New York, U.S.A.

AMERICA'S Dog Remedies

W. N. U. 1258

Never Mind What Granny Did—Remember—You're You!

MANY people refuse to believe that tea or coffee can possibly harm them, because they have used these table beverages ever since they outgrew the health rules relating to children.

"Nonsense!" they say, "Why, Granny has been drinking tea or coffee all her life."

It's true that some folks drink tea and coffee without apparent harm. These are the exceptions. But to most people there comes a day of reckoning.

If you are free from headaches, nervousness and indigestion, if you never lie awake at night, if you know that your health is unimpaired—then, perhaps, you are an exception, too.

BUT—it's well to know that, when you do find something the matter with your nerves and digestion, there's a happy, healthful, table beverage made from roasted wheat. Its name is Instant Postum. It has a fragrant aroma and a rich, full-bodied flavor that charm and satisfy without risk to your health and comfort.

Sold by grocers everywhere

Instant Postum FOR HEALTH

"There's a Reason"
A generous sample tin of Instant Postum sent, postpaid, for 4c in stamps. Write: Canadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., 45 Front St. E., Toronto. Factory: Windsor, Ontario



Quality Merchandise :

Ladies' Hats

In Tweed or Home-spun and Velour Cloth. Just what you have been looking for for Fall Wear. \$1.65 to \$4.50

Men's Heavy Coats

The kind of a Coat that will keep you warm Made from 32 oz Pure Wool Goods, large and roomy and priced low indeed \$9.00 up.

Towelling

Some more of those Extra Heavy Fancy Terry Towellings in now, in Pink and White and in Ecru and White. Dandy for either guest or bath towels, per yard 45c

Men's Sox

Men's Fine Sox, here for you without end from the Cashmerino to the Finest Mixtures in Wool, and Silk & Wool.

Priced 40c to \$1.25

GROCERIES

2 lb Fancy re-cleaned Seedless Raisins 35c
Best grade Santos Coffee, extra value 40c
Our Own Blend Tea 60c
New Pack Tomatoes, heavy pack 20c
New Pack Mixed Jam 4lb 65c
2 Pkt. Corn Starch 25c
2 Pkt. Handy Starch 25c
3lb Can Pork & Beans 35c
Pure Bramble Jelly 4lb \$1.00
Fancy Shredded Coconut per lb 30c

Womans Hose

A great big range of Hose for Ladies. In Plain Colors, and Heathers. A great big choice for you priced from 40c to \$1.35

J. C. McFarland Co.

Are You A Somebody?

It is much easier to be ambitious and to be somebody and amount to something. When you have a healthy stomach & liver, when these vital organs are in proper working condition the brain is clear, consequently you think better, you work more to the point and you easily accomplish more.

NYALS STOMACH AND LIVER PILLS

25c a Box

help you to a good slice of success because they stimulate the kidneys and liver to a renewed normal action. In this beneficial remedy you will find just the right combination of herbs for right results.

Derman's Drug Store Irma



R. M. Mainwood

Graduate
OPTOMETRIST & OPTICIAN

will be at

VIKING Thursday, October 5
IRMA, Saturday, October 7th

THE IRMA TIMES

Irma, Alberta.

H. G. Thunell, Publisher.
H. W. Love, Editor.

An independent newspaper published every Friday at Irma, Alberta, Can.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
Canada, one year \$2.00
Great Britain and U. S. \$2.60

HELP THOSE ALREADY HERE

As we have said before, this is a queer world. We pick up a paper and see where some colonization association has got a great scheme to get more settlers for western Canada more farmers to till the soil, more land broken up, more wheat to sell. The officials are wine and dined and everything looks rosy—to them. In another column we read where the minister of the interior is going to do wonders in the way of promoting immigration and developing the natural resources. And he waxes and grows eloquent with a nice banquet under his belt. Sounds awfully nice, gentlemen.

But wouldn't it be refreshing to pick up a paper and see where some large organization was spending thousands of dollars in promoting schemes to help the farmers already on the land get a better price for their wheat and cattle so that they can get a fair return for their labors?

The proper thing to do about this colonization and immigration question is to get down to brass tacks and improve conditions for those already on the farms, by securing larger markets and better prices. When they have made farming attractive and profitable, they have solved the immigration and colonization problem. Not before.

SOME INDEMNITY HISTORY

The attitude of the U. F. A. members of the legislature towards the \$250 indemnity is open to much legitimate criticism. But the Calgary Albertan goes beyond all fairness and truth when it says that "the farmers who are the bitterest and most critical of the greed and extravagance of old parties in office, improved the first shining hour of sunshine in office by helping themselves to indemnities which no old parties would have dared to suggest." A study of the history of the sessional indemnity in this province shows how false the statement is.

The indemnity was fixed in 1906 at \$1,000. An increase to \$1,500 was made in 1911, and again in 1929 to \$2,000, the largest amount then and for some time afterwards paid in any province. Both of these increases

were made to apply immediately, those responsible for them securing the direct benefit.

The record with regard to special sessions constitutes a still more effective answer to the Albertan. There were two sessions in 1913, one from February 11th to March 25th and the other from September 16th to October 25th. For each \$1,500 was paid. The second of these was supposed to avoid the necessity of calling the house together during 1914. But in the latter year, as a result of the war, a session was held which lasted from October 7th to October 22nd. The house actually sat on that occasion for only ten days and the usual indemnity of \$1,500 was paid for it.

This was at the rate of \$150 a day. For the six days that the legislature sat in special session during the past summer, from July 25th to July 31st \$250 was paid, which works out at \$41.60 per day. Comparing 1922 and 1914, it can hardly be said with accuracy that the farmers helped themselves to an extent "which no old parties would have dared to suggest."

—Journal.

JARROW

The annual Fowl supper and concert under the auspices of the ladies Aid, will be held in Jarrow, Oct. 13th. Asplendid programme program is being prepared, consisting of excellent talent from Irma, Kinsella, and Melbraa of solo's, duets, choruses, instrumental music and readings. Local talent will assist.

Everybody is invited to come and enjoy a treat.

Supper will be served from 6 to 8 P. M.

Programme at 8.30 sharp. Tickets 50c extra; Children-25c—

OIL LANDS IN IRMA DISTRICT FOR SALE

10,000 Acres of Good Agricultural Lands in Townships 47 and 48 in Ranges 10 and 11, for sale on easy terms.

Lease of Oil Rights Included. One section might be worth more than we are asking for the entire block.

Write for particulars.

C. F. Stone LTD.

Box 227 Vermilion, Alta.

Dr. S. R. McGregor

Physician and Surgeon

Day and night calls at office back of Drug Store.

IRMA L.O.L. No. 2066

Meets on the last Thursday of each month in the Co-op Hall. Visitors always welcome.

F. W. Watkinson, W. M.
F. A. Kellar, R. S.
G. B. Sawyer, F. S.

H. W. LOVE

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE, LOANS

IRMA, - - - ALTA.

MAP OF IRMA OIL FIELD showing locations of wells, elevations, etc., mailed to any address for \$1.00.
McKAY TURNER CO.,
514 Tegler Block, Edmonton.

Dr. H. H. LOCKWOOD

DENTIST

Wainwright - - - Alberta

ROYAL BLACK PRECEPTORY NO. 1036

Meets on the second Monday of each month in the Co-op Hall. Visiting Sir Knights always welcome.

J. W. Graydon, W. P.
Dr. S. R. McGregor, Reg.
J. W. Wyatt, Treas.

FIELDHOUSE & HUNTER

BARRISTERS - - SOLICITORS
NOTARIES

Money to Loan.—Fire and Life Insurance Written

Main St. - - - Irma, Alta.

S. R. BOWERMAN AUCTIONEER

for the Province of Alberta, will be pleased to communicate with any person wishing to put on a sale. Have had 8 years experience. Write or phone at my expense.

ADDRESS PHONE NO. 86

Wainwright :: Alberta

"Get a real Author to write those sales letters."
B. Yorkstone Hogg,
Fort Pierce, Fla.

Edmonton Rubber Stamp Co., Ltd.

Makers of RUBBER STAMPS & SEALS

10118-102nd St. Edmonton

IRMA POOL ROOM

and
BARBER SHOP

SOFT DRINKS TOBACCOS CIGARS, Etc.

Agent for Snowflake Laundry.

J. A. HEDLEY PROPRIETOR.

SELKIRK HOTEL

EDMONTON
Robt. McDonald, Prop

Rates:
Single \$1.50 to \$3. day.
Double \$2.50 to \$4. day.

Right in the heart of the City. All large Retail Stores and Theatres near the SELKIRK.

DOMINION OF CANADA VICTORY LOAN BONDS

MATURING 1ST DECEMBER, 1922.

THE BANK OF MONTREAL, under authority of the Minister of Finance, is prepared to effect, without charge, exchange of the above bonds for

5 year 5 1/4% Bonds
Maturing 1st November, 1927,
or
10 year 5 1/4% Bonds
Maturing 1st November, 1932.

FULL PARTICULARS are obtainable upon application to any branch of the Bank of Montreal in Canada.

Irma Cash Meat Market

Fresh Killed Beef & Pork

BACON

Fresh Smoked every week.

35c pr lb. by the Piece.

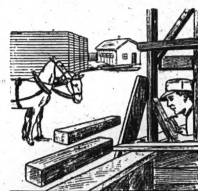
Smoked Jowls 20c.

Cooked Meat, Dill Pickles
PIGS BOUGHT ANY DAY.

L. C. HATCH, Prop.

Irma,

Alberta.



THE PROOF OF SOUND LUMBER

—Is in the actual construction of your building. On that basis, merit, and merit alone, tells the tale. Our lumber is sound for almost any construction purpose you may have in mind. A large stock of standard sizes and lengths is at your command. We also cut to order in various woods. Let us figure with you.

We have a large stock of Cedar and Tamarac fence posts at prices that will interest you.

Farmers Mutual Lbr Co

P. J. HARDY
Manager

IRMA,
Alberta

100 per cent EFFICIENCY

—in business consists in the service you render and the service you get for your money. One Hundred per cent service and satisfaction in buying your lumber requirements is what you want. We can supply it.

LUMBER AT LOW PRICES

—is another item in this proposition you will be getting if you buy from us.

"BETTER Lumber for Home Building"

THE IMPERIAL LUMBER Co., LTD.

"Pioneer Lumber Dealers"

T. H. FLEMING, Manager.

IRMA, - - - ALTA.

Subscribe Now to The Times

LARSON'S STORE

Time to think about FALL CLOTHING

We have been able to buy Travellers Samples in Men's Suits and Overcoats. The benefit in Reduction of Prices enables us to sell these garments at an Exceptionally Low Price.

AN ASSORTMENT OF SUITS AT \$19.50

These are in Striped Worsteds and Tweeds in good shades.

Overcoats

A fine Range of Heavy Weight Overcoats at \$14.95 to \$22.00

Regular and Young Men's Models SERGE LINED

Extra Value in Heather Wool Coats, under-side of Fabric woven overcheck, Half Satin Lined. Snappy Models. Prices \$27.50 to \$35.

Dry Goods

We have just received a Special Shipment of Mill Ends—Farmers Satins. Black only. A real Snap at 40c per yard.

Have You Seen Our Values in Chintz, Quiltings, Art Satins

The Quality and Price you require for making up Comforters at 27c & up per yd.

Men's and Boys UNDERWEAR

Warmth and Comfort Assured in buying Finest All Wool, Cashmere Finished Combinations at \$2.65 to \$4.25

Heavy Ribbed Underwear \$1.25 per garment.

Heavy Fleece Combinations, sizes 34 to 36 at \$1.95

Penmans Fleece Shirts or Drawers. Price per garment \$1.00

BOYS & YOUTHS Fleece Combinations

Sizes 22 to 32. Prices at \$1.25 to \$1.45

Boys Heavy Wool Ribbed Combinations

at \$1.45 to \$1.85

We have a good Assortment of Childrens Girls & Womens Underwear in several Different Weights of Wool & Cotton. Prices are right.

"Look for our Next Advertisement"

CASH SYSTEM

T. A. LEDIN, Manager

When in Calgary Stop at—

The HOTEL ALEXANDRA

"THE HOUSE OF COMFORT"

Free Bus. Free Telephone Fire Proof
Rates—\$1 \$1.50 and \$2. With bath \$2 & \$2.50
226—9th Ave. East.

Alberta's Premier Jewelers

MAKE US YOUR JEWELRY HEADQUARTERS
WATCHES, SILVERWARE, DIAMONDS,
CUT GLASS, FANCY JEWELRY, CLOCKS, Etc.
SEND US YOUR WATCH & JEWELRY REPAIRS
EXPERT WORKMANSHIP, QUICK SERVICE

H. B. Kline & Sons Ltd

10669 Jasper Ave. EDMONTON, ALBERTA Next to Allan Theatre

NOTICE

HAVING taken over the IRMA MOTORS, I am prepared to handle all classes of Automobiles, Gas Engine and Tractor Repairs. A FULL LINE of GENUINE FORD Parts and Accessories, Gas and Oil always in stock.

All Work Guaranteed

AUTO LIVERY, SUPPLIES & ACCESSORIES, MACHINING.
Expert Workmanship, Acetylene Welding, 24 Hour Service.

E. L. Elford IRMA

News Bulletin

Issued by Publicity Commissioner,
Government Buildings, Edmonton.

Two weeks ago an article was sent out to Alberta newspapers showing the "Frost Free Periods" in the province. To supplement this we wish to give Alberta people an idea of the periods which are free from dangerous frosts. To this end the Publicity and Statistical branch of the Department of Agriculture has compiled from the Dominion Meteorological Records a table showing the "Six Degree Period," taking into consideration the date of the last 6 degree frost in the spring and the first 6 degree frost in the fall, and covering dates from the formation of the province to the end of 1921. The figures quoted hereunder cover the period from 1916 to 1921—six years—and farmers who are interested in a subject of this kind should cut out these figures and put them away for reference.

Medicine Hat—Average over six 173 days; longest period 219 days in 1921; shortest period 154 days in 1916; April 9, 1919, and October 22, 1918, are the extreme dates.

Calgary—Average over six years 151 days; longest period 166 days in 1917; shortest 136 days in 1921; May 4th, 1919 and October 22, 1918, are the extreme dates.

Edmonton—Average over six years 147 days; longest period 164 days in 1921; shortest period 119 days in 1917; April 24, 1916 and October 8, 1918, are the extreme dates.

Vermilion—Six years average 123 days; longest period 136 days in 1918; shortest period 110 days in 1920; May 17, 1918 and Sept. 30, 1921, are the extreme dates.

Peace River—Six years average 119 days; longest period 153 days in 1921; shortest period 115 days in 1916; April 7, 1921, and Sept. 30, 1917 are the extreme dates.

In a series of experiments made at the Lacombe Experimental Farm to determine the time required to mature various grains, it was shown that in 1916 it required 159 days to mature Marquis wheat, 155 days to mature Banner Oats, and 140 days to mature O. A. C. Barley, calculating the time from the date of seeding to the date of harvesting. In 1917 Marquis wheat required 119 days, Banner oats and O. A. C. Barley 98 days. In 1918 Marquis wheat required 136 days, Banner oats 120 days and O. A. C. Barley 128 days. In 1919 Marquis wheat required 129 days, Banner oats 120 days and O. A. C. Barley 113 days.

From these figures it would appear that climatic conditions have a great deal to do with crop production in Alberta.

The Crime in The Pass

The killing of Provincial Policeman Lawson at Coleman last week, followed by the quick arrest of the parties accused of the crime, has served to focus public attention on the work of the Alberta Provincial Police Force in connection with the lawlessness which centres around the crime of bootlegging. The details surrounding this case are such that they reflect honor on the A. P. P. as an organization, and upon the young officer who gave up his life, the victim of assassins who held a rather depraved viewpoint on the question of the enforcement of the Liquor Act. For a comparatively new organization, the Alberta Provincial Police is establishing a record which will compare favorably with that of any other similar police force.

All Alberta's history is interwoven with the records of competent police service, under which the province has developed and progressed with a high sense of appreciation for the observance of law and order. The Alberta Provincial Police is maintaining this splendid tradition, the despicable crime of last week will awaken both pride and sympathy in this body's work. Alberta could not afford to have the impression to go abroad that any lawless element in the province could carry on law-breaking with impunity and long survive retribution.

Alberta Exhibits for International and Royal Shows

The Department of Agriculture has decided that no special assistance will be given this year for live-stock and grain exhibitors, who wish to show at the forthcoming International Exposition in Chicago, or at the Royal Show in Toronto. This action has been taken in view of the need of economy.

New A. & G. W. Time Card

The Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Company announces a change in time card effective on October 2nd. The trains on this railway will depart from and arrive at the Dunvegan yards on Mondays at 10.00 A.M. and the Local train for Lac la Biche leaves on Thursdays at 10.00 A.M. Taxi-cabs and buses connect with these trains from down-town points, leaving one hour earlier. There is sleeping and dining car service on the through trains.

G. L. Morrow

Dealer in—

Hardware,

Harness,

Furniture

Our stock is complete, prices are right.

Amunition for Fall Shooting—

Winchester Repeater Shells, per box \$1.70
Canuck Shells Per Box \$1.60
Sovereign Shells Per Box \$1.50
Regal Shells Per Box \$1.45

Guns are reduced this year, a good quality double barrellled gun, now \$30.00

Visit our Store and look them over.

G. L. MORROW

HARDWARE, HARNESS, FURNITURE
Irma, Alberta

A. T. TUCKER, Manager

New Store

New Goods, New Prices

WE have opened a new store with very complete stock of Groceries & Men's Wear including Overalls, Underwear, etc. Our policy will be to supply you with choice goods at all times at prices equal to any store in the district.

SPECIALS For This Week

Fine Wealthy and Gravenstein Apples unwrapped, per box \$1.40

MR. W. HOSTRUP IS ASSOCIATED WITH MR. J. W. GRAYDON IN THIS BUSINESS

J. W. Graydon Co.

Grain Grading High

In a season like this, when the wheat yield in various portions of the province is not uniform, and when the prices for grains are not as high as the producers would wish, a measure of satisfaction can be found in the fact that the wheat is grading high this year. Since the beginning of the shipping season, the Canadian Pacific Railway reports up to Sept. 20th, 10,151 carloads through Winnipeg, 73 per cent of which graded No. 1. Northern or better, 35 cars grading Manitoba are moving forward through Winnipeg 1,000 cars of grain per day.

It is wonderful how quickly a fair grain crop in the west quickens the beat of the commercial and industrial pulse. For the first time in two years the car department at the Ogden C. P. R. shops at Calgary are working full time. At Edmonton the Canadian National Railway is spending a quarter of a million dollars in building the first unit of their western car shops.

The world's production in wheat for 1922 is estimated at 2,972,502,000 bushels, which is 70,000,000 bushels less than 1921, and 215,000,000 bushels more than the average crop from 1916 to 1920. Perhaps here is one reason for poor wheat prices. In the United States and Canada there is an increase of 30,000,000 bushels over 1921.

Mrs. Curfman's
PRIVATE HOSPITAL
West End of First Ave.
Irma, Alberta

WANT ADS.

WANTED—work on farm for winter by married man used to farm work—Apply Box 56, Irma Alta.

IMPOUNDED—in the Municipal Pound kept by R. Candy, on the NW 1-4 32-45-11-4 on Monday 28th August, Bay Stallion, one year old, no brand, old wire cut on right front leg—R. CANDY, Poundkeeper, Kinsella. 22-3p

FOR RENT—Five room Cottage after Oct. 1st. Apply H. W. Love, Irma.

FOUND—north west of Irma, pair house slippers. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for adv. Apply Irma Times.

FOR SALE—Barred Rock, White Wyandotte, Buff Orpington, and Andalus Cockerels—W. G. GUNN, Irma Alta, Box 855. 23-7p

FOR SALE—Kitchen Cabinet, good as new. Apply Times office.

MARKET PRICES.

(Prices supplied by Security Elev.)
Wheat No. 1 73c
Wheat No. 2 70c
Wheat No. 3 68c
Oats 30c
Rye 45c
Barley 34c

People who do not like to do useless work should remember that it requires about 36 muscles to smile, while it takes ninety-nine to produce a frown. Why work overtime?

In a great many homes in Western Canada RED ROSE TEA has been the only tea used for over 20 years.

RED ROSE
TEA "is good tea"

Booril makes you feel splendid

National Land Settlement

To all new countries immigration is a matter of vital national importance, just as emigration becomes a matter of individual and national necessity in older countries with teeming populations and a restricted land area.

For a century the United States has been the mecca of the hardpressed European emigrant, and the present population of more than one hundred million which the United States can boast is the direct result of the enormous influx of people to that new land. Within the comparatively brief period of four or five generations, the United States has grown from a sparsely settled pioneer country into one of the most populous, highly organized and wealthy nations in the world. It no longer offers great inducements to the poor man and his family in Europe who is forced by stress of circumstances at home to seek a new land.

This fact was fairly generally recognized some years before the Great War, and in the ten or fifteen years prior to the war the stream of European emigration was increasingly being diverted to the unsettled land areas of Canada. The population of Western Canada, increased by leaps and bounds, millions of acres of homestead lands were taken up, great colonization companies actively assisted in directing tens of thousands of settlers to this country, villages grew into towns, and towns into cities almost overnight, production increased amazingly, thousands of miles of railway were built, and the whole industrial life of the Dominion largely developed and made prosperous.

The outbreak of the Great War put an abrupt and complete stop to all European emigration, while the exhaustion of free homestead lands and the final disposal of those large blocks of lands controlled by colonization companies operated to shut off immigration of agricultural settlers from the United States. Since 1914, therefore, Canadian immigration has been at low ebb, notwithstanding the great need of this Dominion in the matter of population to develop its great wealth of virgin natural resources.

Since the Armistice there has been a steadily growing opinion that Canada must wake up and endeavor to revive the stream of immigration which was bringing life and prosperity to this country before the war. At the same time it was realized that after the war problems calling for solution made it imperative that such immigrants as were admitted to Canada must be of a type which would help the Dominion and not add to the problems with which the country was confronted.

The situation now is that the population of Great Britain is growing more rapidly than can be provided with means of livelihood there. Emigration on a large scale must take place. On the other hand, the vacant spaces of the world where white people can live and prosper are largely to be found in the British Dominions of Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa. It is agreed that it is the part of Empire statesmanship to scientifically direct the emigrating Englishman or Scotchman to these outlying parts of the Empire, thus keeping him under his own flag, and at the same time adding to the economic strength of the Motherland and the Dominions.

Therefore, the British Government has created what is known as the Overseas Settlement Board and placed in its disposal some £10,000,000 of millions of dollars to assist settlement of people from the British Isles in the Overseas British Dominions. Each of the Dominions was invited to develop its own plan of immigration and land settlement, and to co-operate with the Overseas Settlement Board in London, to the end that the maximum number of sturdy British settlers may be settled in the Dominions under conditions guaranteeing reasonable prospects of making a success in life.

Some time ago Australia announced their scheme, and for some months past the stream of British emigration has been largely directed to our sister Dominion. In the meantime, and for some months past, the Dominion Government has been studying the whole problem of immigration, and its relation to Canada's needs and its best interests. A special committee of the Federal cabinet has been in consultation with the several Provincial Governments, railways, and companies and individuals interested in immigration, and in informed regard to the subject of immigration and land settlement.

The result of this intensive and expert study of the problem is found in the announcement made this month by Hon. Charles Stewart, Minister of Immigration and Colonization, of the immigration policy of the Government, and to which immediate effect is to be given.

Inasmuch as the carrying out of a successful immigration and land settlement policy is of the utmost importance to every Canadian, and especially so to every resident of Western Canada, and furthermore as the assistance of every individual citizen is of prime importance in order to achieve the best results, some attention to the plan evolved will be given in a subsequent article.

Prince Has Heavy Mail

Three Secretaries Attend to Letters Delivered to York House

The Prince of Wales normally receives about seven hundred letters a day, though there have been occasions when the contents of the mail delivered to York House in the day contained well over fifteen hundred letters.

A couple of weeks before the Prince

BEECHAM'S PILLS
for Sick Headaches

CLEAN YOUR BLOOD
with P.E.-RU-NA, the most famous tonic and blood purifier on the North American continent.
Get a bottle of P.E.-RU-NA today—sold everywhere.
P.E.-RU-NA COMPANY
344 St. Paul St., Montreal

Shelter For Machinery

Your Farm Machinery is Certainly Worth Protecting

An inexpensive shelter can be erected by using a few uprights with a roofing of lap lumber, rubberoid or even straw. In many places there are plenty of trees to supply uprights. The back and two ends can be finished in rough lumber or, lacking this, in woven wire packed with straw. The shed should be deep and low enough to prevent drifting in through the entrance on the implements, and should front in a sheltered place or away from the prevailing drifts. A little seasonable paint on the woodwork and even on the metal of the machinery saves its value many times over, while a touch of oil or grease upon the knives and friction portions is like the stitch in time that saves the nine.

Keeping the machinery under cover undoubtedly prolongs its life. Moreover, during the busy season it is a saving of valuable time to find it in good running order, bolts and chain links in place, and sprockets and gears not needing those minor repairs that mean many times their value in critical moments saved.

EVERY WOMAN IN POOR HEALTH

Has an awful struggle. Lots to do, all kinds of worry, poor appetite, headaches, weakness. Her one desire is for more strength and better health. What sickly worn out women need is a cleansing, blood purifying remedy like Dr. Hamilton's Pills. This wonderful medicine cleans out the wastes from the system, regulates the bowels, helps the blood. To look your best, to feel fit and fine all day, to be free from lassitude and headache, use Dr. Hamilton's Pills regularly, one at all dealers or The Catarhozone Co., Montreal.

No Traveller
First Yodel—They say that professional chap who lives atop of the hill has written a book about Mars.

Second Yodel—Mars? What's he, know about Mars? Why, to my knowledge he's been out of this town for five years.

CHILDHOOD AILMENTS

The ailments of childhood—constipation, indigestion, colic, colds, etc.—can be quickly banished through the use of Baby's Own Tablets. They are a mild but thorough laxative which instantly regularizes the bowels and sweetens the stomach. They are guaranteed to contain no harmful drugs and can be given to infants. Concerning Mrs. Alcide Lepage, St. Beatrice, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets were of great help to my baby. They regulated her bowels and stomach and made her plump and well." The Tablets may be obtained by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

In the island of Jersey it is unlawful for a married woman to start a bank account without obtaining her husband's permission in writing.

Worms in children work havoc. These pests attack the tender lining of the intestines and, if left to pursue their ravages undisturbed, will at last require the aid of medicine. These worms are of the hook variety that cling to and feed upon the interior surfaces. Miller's Worm Powders will not only exterminate these worms, of whatever variety, but will serve to repair the injury they have done.

The Best of Reasons
"I never ask others to think as I do," remarked the broad-minded man, "because tomorrow I may think differently myself."

Corns are painful growths. Hollo-way's Corn Remover will remove them.

Device to Keep Ships From Rolling

Huge Gyroscope Stabilizer Steadies Liner Automatically

Thousands of people will be glad to know that travellers by sea may look forward to the day when sea sickness has become a thing of the past.

The Hawkeye State, a passenger steamer running between Baltimore and Honolulu, is now being fitted with a huge gyroscope stabilizer, designed to prevent the rolling of ships.

This apparatus, which weighs 120 tons and is said to be the largest of its kind ever built, is the first to be placed in a big passenger ship. It reaches a speed of 350 revolutions a minute, and is controlled by a series of small gyroscopes. The register the direction of the roll, and the big wheel is then automatically set in motion in the direction required to steady the ship.

Debts and Claims
We do not want to make a virtue of generosity, but unless the cancellation of inter-Allied debts is accompanied by a general settlement of international claims, our sacrifice will have been in vain.—Westminster Gazette.

Passenger Men to Gather in West

Important Meeting of Passenger Agents in Canadian Pacific Rockies

One of the most important of the many conventions being held in Canada this year will be that of the American Association of Travelling Passenger Agents which will take place in the Canadian Pacific Rockies this month. American interest in this country has been growing by leaps and bounds since the war and this is being shown by the steadily increasing number of Americans who are visiting this country. In the Canadian Pacific Rockies and in the unequalled summer resorts of Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces are found endless attractions for visitors from the United States, and some of the conventions that have come across the line have been of tremendous importance in that they have enabled thousands of America's business leaders to become acquainted with this country and have thus greatly encouraged the development of trade mutually profitable to Canada and their native land.

The holding of the annual convention of the passenger agents in Canada this year is a matter of first-rate importance to this country, and particularly so to those places which will be visited during the tour of the country, that takes place in connection with the convention. These agents are all the time in touch with travellers, and they are in a position to direct much traffic along lines that they believe to be desirable. Thus it is important that they should be well acquainted with Canada, its larger cities, its points of scenic interest and the opportunities which the country affords.

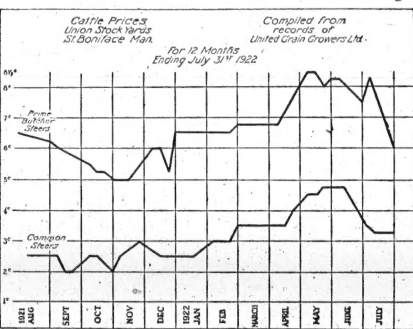
The Association is made up of passenger representatives of railway and steamship lines on the North American continent and has as honorary members many passenger traffic managers and general passenger agents.

At the convention held at Salt Lake City in September, 1921, an invitation was extended by the Canadian Pacific Railway for the Association to hold their 1922 convention along the lines of the Canadian Pacific. This invitation was enthusiastically and unanimously accepted and from the interest being shown by the members there is no doubt of a record breaking attendance this year.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend

No two finger nails on our hands grow at the same rate. The nail on the middle finger grows faster than any other, while the thumb nail is of slowest growth.

Conditions For Livestock Marketing



Instead of selling unfinished cattle in the latter half of the year, sell finished stock from January to June.

Such is the lesson of the course of prices at the Union Stock Yards, St. Boniface, as shown by the chart above. The upper line shows the prices of prime butcher steers from the first of August, 1921, to July 31st, 1922. The variations shown are typical of almost any year. The reason is that Western Canada markets a great number of immature and poorly finished cattle every year. The movement of such cattle is heavy from July to December, and almost four-fifths of our western cattle are marketed in the latter part of the year. The heaviest shipments are in September, October and November, and in some years the number marketed in those months has been as high as 63 per cent. of the total for a year. The result is that prices go down, and the fall market is extremely unsatisfactory for cattle producers.

On the other hand, only a limited number of our cattle are winter fed to be sold as finished animals in the period from January to June, and there is usually a good demand for such cattle during that period. The best winter fed cattle come on the market in May and June, and that is when prices are usually best. But even in January the improvement in prices is usually to be noted. Winter feeding, therefore, even for only a short period may not only put cattle in a higher grade but improving their condition and finish, but will probably bring cattle to market at a much better time for selling.

The chart above is one of a number prepared by United Grain Growers to illustrate conditions of livestock marketing.

German Sea Trade

Statistics of Port of Hamburg Show Great Revival

The extent of the revival in German sea trade is reflected in the statistics of the Port of Hamburg. In May of 1922, a banner year, 1,143 vessels, totalling 1,243,000 net registered tons, arrived at Hamburg. The arrivals of May, 1922, were 1,242 vessels, totalling 1,193,000 net registered tons. In May, 1921, the departures from the port showed 1,469 vessels, totalling 1,325,000 net registered tons. In May, 1922, 1,963 vessels, totalling 1,254,000 tons, departed.

Self-possession is at least eight or nine points of the law.

If a man ever wanted but little here below he got over it long ago.

Patronize your local Printer. It is poor policy to send your job printing out of town. It does not pay, no matter which way you look at it.

MACDONALD'S BRIER

The Tobacco with a heart

- Canada's Best Buy -

THE ECONOMY PACKAGE

½ lb-Now 80¢ (ALSO-PROCURABLE ½ lb. PACKAGE 15¢)



Possibilities Of Canada From The Viewpoint Of An American Financier

Trade between Canada and the United States is vital to the prosperity of both countries. For R. Russell, Vice-President of the National Bank of Commerce in New York believes. Next to the United Kingdom, Canada is the foremost foreign buyer in the markets of the United States, while imports into the United States from Canada are no. exceeded in value by imports from any other country except in occasional years from Cuba.

"By the accepted tests of greatness, Canada now ranks as one of the four most nations of the world," Mr. Russell says in the September number of the Bank's magazine, Commerce Monthly. "It is immensely rich in natural resources. Its Government is stable, its population is thrifty and energetic, and its business leadership has been proved to be of the highest type requisite for the organization of modern industry. The banking and currency system is among the best and transportation facilities, both within the country and with other countries, are equalled in adequacy only by those of the United States."

"Four-fifths of all the foreign trade of Canada is carried on with the United Kingdom and the United States. Considerably more than half the total imports into Canada have long come from the United States, the proportion being slightly in excess of two-thirds in the twelve month period ending June 30, 1922."

"A clear realization of the character of the national consciousness of Canada is the first step toward an understanding of the international position and relationships of the country. Whatever the technical term which may be applied to the political status of Canada, in effect it is a proud and vigorous nation, sure of its future, rejoicing in its share in the leadership of the world, and also rejoicing in its place as an integral part of the British Empire."

"Canada is in that stage of economic development when population is small in relation to natural resources, and when exports of raw materials must pay for imported capital to de-

velop them. Insofar as Canada is a producer of raw materials which the United States does not produce in quantities sufficient for domestic consumption, this country is a heavy buyer in the Canadian market. With few notable exceptions, however, the United States is a heavy exporter of exactly those classes of raw materials and food products which make up the bulk of Canadian export trade."

"Despite the growth of manufacture, economically speaking, Canada is a new country and the domestic industries are not able to meet its rapidly expanding requirements for manufactured goods which constitute a large proportion of Canadian imports. At the same time, Canadian manufacturers have already proved themselves able to market successfully a wide range of products in overseas markets. This situation results primarily from the fact that the main industrial areas are in the Western and Southwestern Ontario, and manufacturers there are more advantageously placed in relation to markets outside of Canada than they are in relation to many sections of the Canadian market, which can buy better in the United States, the character of demand being practically identical in the two countries."

"Today Canada is probably the most favorable field in the world for investment, comparable only with the United States, in the era of its most rapid physical development from the close of the Civil War to the opening of the present century. Although, as is the case in all new countries, capital must be sought beyond its borders, the capital accumulation of Canada is very great. A Canadian financial journal states that from 1912 to 1921, more than \$2,512,000,000 of Dominion provincial, municipal and corporate securities were sold in Canada."

"Capital not supplied by Canadians has been secured, chiefly from investors in the United Kingdom and the United States. From 1915 to 1921 Canadian Government and corporate securities amounting to \$1,194,000,000 were floated in the United States. In addition to industrial securities and Government bonds, some United States capital is invested in industrial undertakings not represented by securities issues, and it seems probable that the net total of United States investment in Canada must now be as much as \$1,500,000,000."

"Both Canada and the United States possess the incomparable advantage of having developed in the period of modern transportation with the result that national mindless has extended the width of a continent. This is one of the secrets of their greatness, and is the basis of the outlook of their business men."

"The two countries have identical standards of living and methods of production, and there is no material difference between their distances to the main markets. Except as affected by climate, there is no marked difference in the character of the natural resources of the two countries, or their products. In a general sense, their development has been, and will continue, to be along parallel lines and in overseas markets they are rivals. Insofar as there is trade between the two countries in products

of a non-competitive character, proximity makes each the cheapest source of supply for the other. A large part of the trade between them has its origin in the same factors as those which cause goods to move freely across the boundaries of contiguous states of the United States and provinces of Canada."

Chemical Warfare

Future of Poison Gas in War is Now Being Determined

The future of poison gas is being discussed by the International Law Association of Buenos Ayres. Jurists from England, France, Germany, the United States, Russia, Japan, Austria, Czechoslovakia and most of the smaller nations, including the South American republics, are present. The Association was founded soon after the 1870 war with the object of giving coherence and publicity to the problems of international law. Since its foundation there have been thirty conferences, the last being held at The Hague in 1921 and carrying out some admirable work over maritime law. The present conference is mainly dealing with the limitation of the manufacture of poison gases during peace and the restriction of their use in war, and it will urge the setting up of a permanent International Criminal Court to enforce the rules accepted. Practical and not merely Utopian interest attaches to this inquiry for two reasons. First, every increase in our knowledge of the possibilities of international law and the ways it may be made effective is an added strength to the League of Nations. Secondly, the terrible progress in the efficiency of poison gases (kept up with each year of peace) shows that in the next war they will be of catastrophic potency. Aircraft will render them mobile, and they may, if they are not restricted, utterly wipe out the city populations of belligerents. This South American conference will, therefore, be watched anxiously and not without hope.—Regina Leader.

Unfinished Stock

Depresses Markets

All Market Reports of the Dominion Department of Agriculture Emphasize This Fact

The Dominion Livestock Branch market reports for the month of July are on the whole somewhat encouraging. While prices for all manner of stock in the east were lower than they were in July, 1920, they were for all, excepting calves, a little higher than in July of last year. The same is true of the market at Winnipeg. At Calgary and Edmonton there was a drop all along the line, excepting for good lambs at the former place and for select hogs at the latter. Once more the complaint is made of the sending of unfinished grass cattle to market, but the most depressing effect at Toronto was the heavy receipts of western cattle, mostly heavy, rough, fat steers. At Winnipeg a volume of unfinished cattle was received which the report says should have been kept on the grass for another sixty days. At Calgary the uncertainty of feed prospects in some districts led to farmers sending their cattle in, and the report notes that with the run of half-fed grass cattle arriving, the market in the latter part of the month developed a decidedly weaker turn. At Edmonton the market was flooded with a lot of thin grass cattle, many in particular being from the Peace River district. The market for calves everywhere was erratic and tending slightly to a decline. Lamb prices at Toronto fell off a bit towards the end of the month owing to heavy offerings, but at Montreal they averaged from \$1.15 to \$1.40 per hundred over the corresponding month of last year. Hog prices were fairly steady and inclined to strength.

Will Pay In Cash

Within the British Empire the Principle of Self-Determination Has a Real Meaning

Great Britain's debt to the United States will be responsible for numerous novel and impractical suggestions for its liquidation. Application of the territorial carving knife has inspired more than one American legislator to cast his eye towards alienated Canadian lands upon which some of them would like to plant the Stars and Stripes and call the debt settled. The latest proposal comes from Representative McGregor who would like that part of this country which embraces the Great Lakes and connecting waters in payment of Washington's claim in London. Neither he nor those who have made similar suggestions appear to consider that the people who live in the areas involved have any say in the matter. They seem to forget that the principle of self-determination after all was coined in the United States. They are also wittingly or unwittingly ignoring the fact that the British way is to pay up.—Victoria Times.

WESTERN EDITORS



A. W. Reynolds, Editor and Proprietor of The Progress, Naincan, Sask.

A Novel Waterway

Huge Canal Will Have to Pass Under Geneva

A huge canal connecting Rotterdam with Basle via the Swiss lakes of Geneva and Neuchâtel is under consideration, and if the project is carried through it will be the most wonderful waterway in the world.

Part of the canal, which joins the Rhine at Felsenau, is already under construction, and will shortly be ready for navigation. Whether the whole waterway, running across Europe, will be completed depends to a large extent upon whether the fifteen million pounds required to construct it can be found.

The greatest difficulty is the section of the canal which must pass through Geneva—or rather under it, for it is suggested to bore a huge subterranean tunnel right underneath the town, large enough for cargo vessels of 700 tons to pass through.

Ships would then literally sail on "the waters under the earth," and after having emerged from the subterranean canal they would have next to pass through a series of locks between Geneva and Neuchâtel, during which they would be raised to a height of 200 feet above the lake of Geneva. After passing Neuchâtel they would join the nearly-completed waterway along the Aar and enter the Rhine.

The full scheme is at present under the consideration of the Swiss Association for Inland Navigation, and great interest is felt in such a novel waterway.

May Have to Ask

England for Help

Irish People Beginning to Think Self Government Failure

The loss by the Irish Free State within so short a time of its two great leaders will revive in some minds Lord Rosebery's melancholy theory of a "malignant fate" that continually pursues Ireland. In the death of Arthur Griffith the Provisional Government lost its brain, and now the assassination of Michael Collins has deprived it of its sword. The shock and horror of this latter crime are said to have filled the minds of many people in Ireland with fearful forebodings. They are said to be asking each other apprehensively if it may not be true that a curse rests upon Ireland, if all her efforts to govern herself are not doomed to failure, and if it may not be necessary to call back the English to restore order and to bring to justice the marauding and murderous bands that are now making the island a scene of terror.—New York Times.

Destroying Money

Hundred Thousand Dollars Destroyed Every Day at Dominion Treasury

Piles of money, millions of dollars, or what was once currency, may be seen these days in the courtyard of the Dominion Treasury. The present accumulation is ten feet square, a bulky pile of greyish hue, reduced to pulp, and ready for the mill.

Money to the extent of a hundred thousand dollars or more is destroyed every day at the department. It consists of old bills, dirty or torn, or marked up, which are returned to the Receiver-General, and after cancellation, exchanged for clean new bills.



The Milk Cow As A Sure Money Maker On The Western Farm

After several years of decreasing crop yields, culminating in the crop failure of 1919, which put many farmers in a hole at the time of high prices, a hole from which two bounteous harvests with their accompanying low prices have failed to lift us. It is time we began to realize that we have to look for an income from some other source than straight grain crops.

The first purpose of the farm should be to afford a good living for the farmer and his family. The milking of cows, raising of hogs, sheep or poultry, also the home garden, are all means to this end. All these, or any one of them, with only ordinary care will also considerably enlarge a farmer's income and help to increase his capacity for permanent improvement. Anyway, we must have a side-line, I believe the most successful one is the milk cow, for the milk cow will provide a steady income when other sources of revenue fail. A considerable number of farmers are now milking a few cows and shipping cream, and by this means have made themselves practically independent of grain crops, that is, so far as their living and other household expenses are concerned.

Myself, after several diminishing crop yields, added to my number of milk cows, and as it was these that kept me going after the total crop failure of 1919 the following extracts taken from my records may be of interest. I already had six cows, but managed to raise my herd to fourteen just ordinary milk cows, and I also purchased a really good Holstein bull. With nothing coming in except from the cows I was naturally anxious as to what the results would be and so kept careful records. Upon going through my records for the years 1920 and 1921 I find that my cows brought me in the sum of \$1,570.06 during the two years. The income from my herd for cream during 1920 was \$1,685.75; for cream and young stock sold during 1921, it was \$384.31, an average of \$90 and \$15 per month respectively the year round, although I was milking for 8 months only. This year I am milking the same number of cows and my figures, for June are \$101.91 and for July \$104.79. My best month for cream in 1920 was June, when the sum of \$166.45 was received, but labor and feed in 1921 was August, receipts then totalling \$103.84. Of course there was a considerable drop in prices for 1921; the average price I received in 1920 was 55c and in 1921 30c. My cows, as already stated, are just farm cows. They cost nothing but labor and feed, a little salt now and again, so the returns are all income to the farm.

Many will tell you that milking cows is hard work and that the job is too steady. "I grant all this; but isn't there plenty of hard work in the field, hard work too, that is not so sure to bring in an income? However, cream producing has its responsibilities and needs scrupulous cleanliness and care; for we should always remember that the quality of the raw material, namely, the cream, is the chief determining factor in the quality of the butter. Without clean, fresh and good flavored cream no equipment or skill on the buttermaker's part can produce the high standard required on the best butter markets.

To get high quality in cream one must milk clean in clean vessels, and the separating must be done while the milk is still fresh and warm. Cream should be cooled immediately to 50 degrees or less and not added to bulk until thoroughly cool. All who milk cows should have a supply of ice. This is our one sure cure, has never failed and can be put up or should I say put down?—very cheaply and easily. Not only is it an essential for the production of good, sweet cream, but it is a means of supplying the household with ice cream whenever one cares to have it during the summer, which in itself is worth all the trouble. My own ice supply is by means of an ice well, which, outside my labor, cost exactly \$10. This is a hole in the ground 7 ft. x 7 ft. x 7 ft. cribbed, and covered with removable cover. It is filled with ice, the blocks being fitted as close as possible and all cracks filled with chipped ice. No packing whatever is used and the cover when replaced is high enough to allow of getting in on the ice, for which purpose I have a passage entrance from the north side. The roof and passageway are covered with a mattress stuffed with straw, which is easily moved or rolled back to get ice. The place is well ventilated, and I have had no difficulty in getting special grade for my cream in spite of some delay in shipping it from here to the Lloydminster Creamery.

Once you lack of a really good cow barn I have to let my cows dry off in January and freshen in April, but when I have better facilities I should

prefer to have part of them come in during December on dry feed. Then I should be able to have them producing when prices are at their best and they would also keep in good condition when getting on the grass in the summer. At present my cows get nothing but good prairie hay, oat sheaves and a liberal supply of roots. My root crop for the past few years has averaged over 30 tons to the acre. We could get better returns if we had some green crop to eat down during September and October, when the grass is usually dry and pasture poor, and we are planning to do this. Then, there is the matter of manure. What are the majority of our farmers doing? How many are putting back to the soil any of the fertility they are taking out? The fertility of our soil is our only natural resource that can be utilized with practically no exhaustion. Lumber resources, which nature has spent hundreds of years in buildings, are used up in a short time. When the miner has taken out coal, nothing but a hole is left in the ground. By means of milk farming, especially with a dairy herd, one can continue to get good crops without exhausting the soil, for by putting the manure back on the land the fertility and physical condition of the soil are maintained, while at the same time that very serious matter of soil drifting is being combated. No, there is no denying the fact that we have to get down to some system of mixed farming; for the man who can make a living out of the soil and still maintain its fertility unimpaired is one of the greatest assets any nation can have.—A. Elson, Marshall, Sask., in Farm News Letter.

Britain's Promise to Pay

British Officer Says There is No Question About Paying War Debt in Full

In an interview a "well-known" English financier named Govey proves by A plus B that the British Empire cannot and will not pay her debt to the United States. England always has paid her debts, and always will. We fought for fifty-six months for the privilege of paying our obligations, and such propaganda as the well-known Mr. Govey's agent, Mr. Govey, is to America is distinctly repellent to any soldier who fought in the British army. We were in our right mind, fully understanding the conditions under which we borrowed the money, and we have no intention of backing out. Our credit would be remarkably good if we did that sort of thing, would it not? England will pay to the last penny, even though circumstances beyond her control may make repayment slow. And as a tax-paying British officer myself, I say let us be taxed to the limit; to any amount, but get this debt paid, if only to take out of the hands of our home and foreign enemies their nastiest weapon of anti-British propaganda.

ARTHUR DE BLES,
Major, late Royal Welsh Fusiliers,
Greenwich, Conn., Aug. 22, 1922.
—Letter in New York Times.

Electric controls permit a new searchlight to be operated from points as far away as ten miles.

SUCH PAINS AS THIS WOMAN HAD

Two Months Could Not Turn in Bed.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Finally Restored Health

Seattle, Washington.—"I had dragging pains first and could not stand on my feet, then I had chills and fever and such pains in my right side and a hard lump there. I could not turn myself in bed, and I could not sleep. I was this way for over two months, trying everything any one told me, until my sister brought me Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it regularly until all the hard pains had left me and I was able to be up and to do my work again. The hard lump left my side and I feel splendid in all ways. I know of many women it has helped."—Mrs. G. RICHARDSON, 4640 Orcas St., Seattle, Washington.

This is another case where Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound brought results after "trying everything any one told me" had failed. If you are suffering from pain, nervousness and are always tired; if you are low spirited and good for nothing, take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. You may not completely relieve the present distress, but prevent the development of more serious trouble.

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SPECIAL FROM UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD., LIVESTOCK DEPARTMENT

A good many farmers and stock raisers at the present time, who have not sold their surplus stock, are wondering what effect the new United States Tariff regulation will have on the livestock trade. With the duty being increased approximately from 50 to 75 cents per hundred pounds, (the old Tariff was based on a straight duty of 50 per cent, whereas the new Tariff calls for one and a half cents per pound on cattle up to 1050 pounds and two cents per pound on those over that weight) we would naturally assume that with American market practically setting the price on our stocker cattle that they would depreciate at least the value of the extra duty. After considerable thought and investigation, we do not believe we are justified in taking too pessimistic a view of the situation in various parts of the Province during the past month, enquiries from Ontario for stocker cattle and a possible strengthening of prices across the Line, lead us to think that very little change in prices will be noticeable. Eastern packers are buying heavily on Western markets, showing that supplies in their own districts are rather limited. Considerable thought is also being given to the possibility of stocker cattle being shipped to the Old Country, and while transit expenses at the present time look prohibitive, any prospect of lower rates would be immediately reflected here. Summarizing the situation we would strongly advise livestock raisers to fully post themselves on market conditions, as thousands of dollars have been lost to the raisers during the past few months for lack of this knowledge.

"I see you have several too dancers in Holden," remarked a visitor who attended a dance there recently. "Is that so?" inquired a friend. "Yes," he replied, "they dance on everybody's toes."

One of life's most embarrassing moments happened at a dance here recently. One of our bright young fellows tried to brush a bug off from a lady's neck, before he discovered it was a mole.

A new soap factory has opened at Vegreville and the Observer states that there should be a big local need for the product.

LEWISVILLE.

J. C. McKay, of Irma, is threshing in this vicinity at present.

On Sunday, September 24th, two deer were seen running up and down outside the Park fence. Motorists must have frightened them because one was seen later lying with its neck broken, apparently against the fence. Next it was noticed that a quarter had been carefully cut off the carcass. Then some people passed in a rig who took away all the rest of the meat. Whether this was for dogs or for some unsuspecting threshing gang, who knows? Anyway there are the facts. It is pitiful to see the terror of these beautiful wild things in such a plight.

Mrs. P. Voros is in Edmonton undergoing medical treatment.

Lewisville school is still vacant. Miss Johnson, who resigned before holidays, is teaching at Jarow.

There are thousands of wild geese around here. It is to be hoped that they will not all be scared away by would-be hunters before the farmers whose stubble they feed on can get a chance to get one or two.

It is expected that Turkey and Grease will have a rib-roaster of a set-to about Thanksgiving time.

One of our auto enthusiasts, who has been trying out a new car recently, was surprised last week to receive the following note from a neighbor:

"Is it absolutely necessary that you should make that high grade auto of yours fizz and spit and clang and bang and buzz and hiss and bellow and wail and rant and rant and yell and howl and grate and grind and puff and bump and click and clank and chug and moan and hoot and toot and crash and grunt and gasp and groan and whistle and wheeze and squawk and blow and jar and jerk and rasp and ring and clatter and howl and hum and snarl and puff and growl and thump and boom and clash and jolt and jostle and shake and screech and snort and snarl and scrape and throb and clink and jangle and quiver and rumble and roar and rattle and yell and smoke and snarl and shriek about five a. m. every day?"

The editor of the Camrose Canadian, it is said, is busy doing some tall explaining. The ladies society of a local church there advertised a "stock social" to be held at the church and were greatly surprised when only three old maids came to it. On looking over the advertisement in the paper, the ladies were shocked to find that through a typographical error the editor had advertised a "stork social."

THAT MEN MAY GO ARIGHT

In view of the present war situation in the near-east, special prayers for divine assistance and guidance have been asked for in England by the Archbishop of Canterbury and York. It is particularly suggested that petitions be made in behalf of all statesmen and leaders, upon whom great responsibilities are now resting, that they may be wisely guided in this time of anxiety and suspense.

To some it will doubtless seem that such praying is but an idle exercise—a pious form, and harmless, but ineffective. The near east situation, they say, will work itself out according to perfectly natural laws and conditions, and supernatural intervention is unnecessary and unlikely.

But men who have come closest to the zero-hours of world danger know otherwise. Marshall Foch was a man of prayer during the late war and found it neither idle nor ineffective. Only those of lesser mould can afford to scoff at those who pray.

There is reason for prayer. If the universe were governed only by blind force it would indeed be futile, but the purposeful and beneficial overrule of omnipotent God makes it entirely proper and reasonable, for the soul of man, who also is a spiritual being, will not rest until it finds its rest in God. To pray for guidance, and for help, and for blessing, both in a personal and a national way, is to link up with the greatest of all power sources, as well as to engage in the exercise of man's highest privilege. More things, too, have been wrought by prayer than the unpraying world has ever dreamed of.—Journal.

A FAMILY NECESSITY

No other journal caters so intimately and minutely to the needs of the agriculturist as does the family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. From his medical to his religious needs from the health of his stock to the capabilities of his machinery, from his ladies' embroidery to their pickles from the minerals on the land to the fish in his brooks, from the books of his leisure hours to the amusements of his children, from his individual cares to his public duties, he finds companionship, help and guidance in the same old journal, which delighted his fathers and is the joy of his children today. He could not afford to be without the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. The subscription price is two dollars (\$2.00) per year.

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